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1
           (Proceedings in open court.)
 2
               THE CLERK: 04 CR 503, U.S.A. versus Willie
 3
     Johnson, for status.
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               MR. BHACHU: Good morning, Your Honor.
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               Amar Bhachu on behalf of the United States.
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               MR. ARON: Good morning, Your Honor.
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               MR. SCHNEIDER: Good morning, Judge.
 8
               Matthew Schneider on behalf of the United States.
 9
               MR. WILKINS: Good morning, Your Honor.
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               Torrance Wilkins, U.S. Probation.
11
           (Defendant in.)
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               MR. ARON: Good morning, Your Honor.
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               Charles Aron, A-r-o-n, on behalf of Willie Johnson.
14
               Mr. Johnson is approaching the bench.
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               THE COURT: Good morning.
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               Good morning, Mr. Johnson.
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               THE DEFENDANT: Good morning, sir.
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                THE COURT: What is the status?
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               MR. BHACHU: Judge, the last time we were here, we
     had talked to Your Honor about us potentially resolving this
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     case consensually between the parties.
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                I believe we do have a consensual resolution of
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     this case, and the resolution is as follows, Judge.
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                The government will be dismissing with prejudice
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     the indictment in case 04 CR 503.
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And my understanding is that the defendant will be admitting to a violation of supervised release in case 90 CR 950, and the parties will then argue for the appropriate term with respect to the violation of supervised release.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. BHACHU: So in light of that, Judge -- I'm sorry.

THE COURT: All right. Let me just speak with my clerk for a moment.

(Court conferring with his clerk.)

THE COURT: All right. Is the defendant in agreement with regard to criminal case number 04 CR 503 with the government's motion?

MR. ARON: With the indictment being dismissed with prejudice, we have no objection.

THE COURT: All right. The indictment in that case will be dismissed with prejudice.

And by that, the government is agreeing that double jeopardy would attach and Mr. Johnson cannot be prosecuted for that violation in the future?

MR. BHACHU: That's correct, Judge.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. Now, with regard to the violation of supervised release, in the case that I have been serving as the presiding judge on since its inception, 90 CR 950, there are certain violations of supervised release

that have been stated in the special report.

What is the defendant's position with regard to those violations?

MR. ARON: Judge, in that the burden of proof in the violation of supervised release is by a preponderance of the evidence as well as certain Fourth Amendment protections don't necessarily apply, the defendant, Willie Johnson, will be entering admission to violation number 1 in that there was a gun found in his home, and he will be guilty based on constructive possession.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Johnson, is that your position, that you did commit the violation number 1 set forth in the supervised release special report --

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: -- in that you did have constructive possession of a firearm in violation of your supervised release?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: All right. Having obtained admission from the defendant, I find that Mr. Johnson is in violation of his supervised release, and his supervised release is revoked.

At this point, we then turn to the next phase, which is to determine the appropriate sentence upon the revocation of Mr. Johnson's supervised release.

1 Judge, we would be willing to waive a MR. ARON: 2 Presentence Report in this case. 3 THE COURT: All right. Does the government desire 4 a Presentence Report? 5 MR. BHACHU: No, Judge. 6 THE COURT: All right. I believe that a further 7 Presentence Report would not assist the Court, and so a 8 Presentence Report will be waived by everyone. 9 Mr. Wilkins, you don't have to do any further work 10 with regard to preparing a further Presentence Report. 11 MR. WILKINS: I appreciate that. 12 THE COURT: Now I will turn to the sentencing 13 phase, first hear from defense counsel, then from the 14 government, and then from Mr. Johnson himself. 15 MR. ARON: Judge, if I might, may Mr. Johnson 16 proceed first? 17 THE COURT: I am -- sure. 18 MR. ARON: Also, Your Honor, so that you know, Mr. 19 Johnson's wife, daughter, sister, and granddaughter are all 20 present in court today. 21 THE COURT: All right. Before you speak, Mr. 22 Johnson, and I do appreciate your stepping over to the 23 podium, I need to confer with my clerk. 24 (Court conferring with his clerk and law clerk.)

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Johnson, my standard

procedure is to do what I had just said, which is to first hear from defense counsel, then from the government, and I always give the defendant the last word.

Your attorney has requested that you be allowed to speak with me first. I am going to allow that, but I am also going to allow you the last word, too. So if the lawyers say anything further that you want to comment on after they make their remarks, you will have that opportunity as well.

You may proceed with your remarks at this time.

THE DEFENDANT: To the Honorable Judge Holderman, first let me start by -- let me start by saying "thank you" for helping me to find myself. What I mean is I was in your courtroom 15 years ago, and at the time -- and at that time, I was a confused drug user who didn't care about myself, didn't care about life, how life turned out in the end.

You let me read something in your courtroom, and after that, I was sentenced to 15 years. It wasn't what I wanted, but it was just what I needed, for sure, to find myself and get myself -- and to get life in some kind of order.

I went down not knowing what the outcome was going to be, when I was going to be -- what I was going to be -- what it was going to be like all the other time -- what was it going to be like all the other times I went -- I went or was it going -- or was there going to be a change and stop

just going in and out, in and out the front door and out the back door with nothing in between.

I think not, because I know something, because I

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know, because I know nothing -- if I know nothing else, I know I wanted to change and not bring that same person back

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to the free world, free world that I left.

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It took about five years to get it together and find some direction about what it was I wanted to do with my Seeing how I caused pain and hurt to other people, life. other people lives while I was in my addiction, it was time, it was time for me to try to give something back, so I went to the Gateway Drug Treatment Program, not knowing what the outcome was going to be, but seeing how I had never been in treatment in all my years of using.

But after being there for two-and-a-half, two-and-a-half months, I knew I was where I needed to be. had found my calling.

They have a saying in the program: You have to get in where you fit in. I started by helping younger guys in the program, by telling them about my life and how it could be for them if something didn't change in their lives.

I never thought I could feel so good, feel so good to reach out to someone and help someone else, to be able to watch young men who didn't understand themselves and what they were doing with their -- what they were doing to their

loved ones by coming in and out of the system and not knowing and understanding why.

That's when I found out what it was that I wanted to do, so I started asking questions about what it would take me for me to be a counselor. I knew I would have to go back to school and get a GED, get a GED, and I did. I even went back, I even went back to high school and got a high school diploma.

I also enrolled in college and took some college courses for counseling in hopes that I might find a job in counseling once I got out.

I was in contact with some people on the outside who told me they would try to help me once I was out, and in about a month after being out, they helped me land a job counseling. I have grown to become a job counselor, something I have grown to love.

At the time of my arrest, I was in -- at the time of my arrest, I was enrolled at Malcolm X studying for an Associate's degree as well as my certification for counseling.

All I'm asking is that you give me a chance to go back to that, to that -- to go back to that, what makes -- all I'm asking is for you to give me a chance to go back to that, if you made it possible to me. I promise you, you won't be sorry. Give me a chance.

THE COURT: Mr. Johnson, when I sentenced you in 1991, I sentenced you well above the sentencing guideline range. The sentencing guideline range at that time -- at that time, it was actually mandatory, and I departed from that range. The guideline range was 27 to 33 months.

The reason I had to sentence you to 15 years was there was this minimum mandatory sentence of 15 years. And so I did impose a sentence of 15 years, and I told you at the time that there will come a time when you will have completed that sentence and you will be placed on supervised release for a term of five years.

That time did come, and you were placed on supervised release for five years, and I put in certain conditions, one of which was do not possess a firearm.

All right. I am going to now hear from government counsel and then from defense counsel and then anything further that Mr. Johnson desires to say.

MR. BHACHU: Your Honor, picking up where you left off with respect to the last time Mr. Johnson was before you, I had an opportunity to just take a look at the transcript of the proceedings that day. It was back in 1990. You were -- 1991. You were a seasoned judge then, and I was still in college.

But what was interesting, Judge, from looking at that was that Mr. Johnson gave a similar presentation as he

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has done today. He told you that his whole life had been spent doing all the wrong things for the wrong reasons, and he said that he was sorry for what he did. And if he had a chance to do it all over again, it would be different. "So all I can do now is the time I'm about to get and show myself and the rest of society that it's never too late for change." Well, Judge, he gets out, and again, you know, he violates the terms of his supervised release. There's a gun in the house. THE COURT: Yes. When was it that -- what was the date of Mr. Johnson's --MR. BHACHU: Judge, that's July 19th, 1991. I can tender to --THE COURT: Well, that was the date of the sentencing. What was the date of Mr. Johnson's release? What was your out date, Mr. Johnson? THE DEFENDANT: October the 2nd, 2002. THE COURT: October 7th? THE DEFENDANT: 2nd. THE COURT: 2nd? All right. MR. WILKINS: Excuse me. THE DEFENDANT: In September. MR. WILKINS: Do you mean out on supervision? THE COURT: No. When was he released from custody such that he was placed on supervision?

11 1 MR. WILKINS: Right. That day was March 4th, 2003. THE COURT: March 4th, 2003? 2 3 MR. WILKINS: Yes. 4 THE COURT: All right. And when was Mr. Johnson 5 arrested and detained in connection with the --6 MR. WILKINS: The violation? 7 THE COURT: -- criminal case? Well, the violation 8 or the criminal case that --9 MR. WILKINS: He was arrested on November the 15th, 10 2003. 11 THE COURT: All right. So he has at this point 12 served three and a --13 MR. ARON: Thirty-six-and-a-half months. 14 THE COURT: All right. Thirty-six-and-a-half 15 months. Okay. 16 MR. BHACHU: Yes, Judge. THE COURT: Go ahead. Thank you. 17 18 MR. BHACHU: Judge, the other thing I'd note from 19 the sentencing that took place in 1991 is after you heard the 20 presentation of counsel and the defendant's presentation, you 21 asked that his sentence of 15 years be served consecutive to 22 the sentence that was going to be imposed subsequently in the 23 Circuit Court of Cook County, which had not been imposed. 24

My understanding, having looked at the records, is that that never happened. I believe -- I'm not sure on this,

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but I think he also got a similar sentence in terms of duration in Cook County, but it was run concurrent to the sentence that was imposed here.

I talked to my colleague, Mr. Schneider, and he seems to recall there might have been an additional proceeding subsequent to that -- I'm not quite familiar if there was -- to perhaps adjust Your Honor's recommendation.

But I think, for what it's worth, it certainly demonstrates, Judge, that you felt that a 15-year sentence was appropriate --

THE COURT: Right.

MR. BHACHU: -- and that was because the defendant had a massive, massive criminal history, over 40 arrests, multiple convictions for robbery, theft, armed robbery stretching back to 1967.

His criminal history category at the time you sentenced him in 1991 was category VI.

By virtue of the fact that he's been in prison for so long in relation to this case, the 90 CR 950 case, a lot of that criminal history no longer counts in terms of determining what his criminal history category is.

The point, though, is that, Judge, the defendant has previously asked Your Honor for leniency so he can show you that he's changed things, and this is the second time that he's asked you for leniency.

The first time he was before you, you clearly evinced, I think, a desire to sentence him to a term of incarceration that was quite large. In fact, you were not willing to actually recommend that the sentence in the state proceeding run concurrently to this sentence.

For those reasons, Judge, we'd ask that you impose a sentence of five years, which is also the sentence that the probation officer recommended when he presented this supervised release violation to Your Honor, and thereafter impose a term of supervision after incarceration on this defendant as well.

THE COURT: Mr. Wilkins, if I were to impose a sentence of five years on this violation of supervised release, what amount of supervised release could remain?

MR. WILKINS: He could be sentenced up to five years of supervised release.

THE COURT: All right. I will hear further comments from government counsel.

MR. BHACHU: Judge, I think that summarizes what I have to say.

Again, the defendant has a lengthy criminal history. He's previously asked for Your Honor's leniency insofar as he asked for it when he was sentenced initially and indicated that he would change.

The fact that he violated the terms of his

supervised release shortly after he was released from custody is suggestive of the fact that he is a recidivist. He is unable to actually conform his conduct to law. He has a massive criminal record and cannot be counted on to govern his activities consistent with his obligations under law.

THE COURT: All right. I will hear from defense counsel.

MR. ARON: Your Honor, first, it's interesting that the government pointed out Mr. Johnson's letter that he wrote to the Court back in the '90s.

Mr. Johnson and I did not discuss what he wrote today or what he brought before the Court, and he had no way of knowing the government was going to talk about that letter, yet he did.

THE COURT: Well, the government may not have actually known, government counsel may not have actually known that he himself, government counsel, was going to talk about the letter until Mr. Johnson did, so --

MR. ARON: Yeah.

THE COURT: But go ahead.

MR. ARON: Mr. Johnson has had -- you know, we've all changed in 15 years. In this case, it's 18 years now since that date. He's been in custody for 37 months, just about.

The government's dismissed the case, the underlying

case, with prejudice, and Mr. Johnson still, because he wants to do the right thing, admitted to the Court that yes, a gun was found in his house and he admitted to constructive possession.

He's been adamant through the entire case that gun was not his. However, he does understand that because it was in the premises that he resides in, it would be a violation of his supervised release.

He has a family support system, as is present in court today: his wife, who they have been trying to reconcile, and it's been difficult to do it with him in the MCC, but they have been communicating by phone and by her visits at the MCC; his daughter, who lives in the same building; his granddaughter; he has a sister. He has a support system.

At the time that he was arrested, he had been enrolled in the program where he was trying to become a social worker, and it would be the type of person with his background that if he does succeed in getting that social work degree or the necessary papers, he would be the kind of people that could -- person that could relate to the youths on the street and possibly talk them out of being in the position where they're going to be coming before you or some other judge in this building.

I believe that the 36-and-a-half months that Mr.

Johnson has spent in custody in this case, awaiting trial, awaiting motions more than is sufficient to repay his debt, and I would ask the Court to give him time served.

As to further supervised release, I don't believe that's necessary. I think that Mr. Johnson knows that his next arrest is going to be his last arrest; that if, in fact, he is convicted of any crime, the likelihood of him ever getting out of prison standing up will probably be slim and none.

I think the resources of the Probation Department could be better spent somewhere else, and I would ask the Court to sentence Mr. Johnson to a period of time served, actually having been served, and let him get on with his life.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Johnson, is there anything further you want to say in connection with this?

THE DEFENDANT: No, sir, Your Honor.

THE COURT: I have a couple of questions.

The gun, what was it doing there?

THE DEFENDANT: I don't know.

THE COURT: What are you going to do to make sure this never happens again?

THE DEFENDANT: Ask questions.

MR. ARON: Such as?

THE DEFENDANT: I mean, my family knows now. You

know what I'm saying? I mean, at the time, they might not have understood the detriments of having a gun in the apartment. They might not have understood even if the gun didn't belong to me, by it being in the apartment, it, you know, it connects me to the gun. They might not have understood that.

But I think today, they do understand that, you know, you know, I, you know, I can't be around a gun, period, in no kind of way. In no form and no fashion, I cannot be around a gun, and I think they understand that better today than they did at that time.

THE COURT: And what about the drugs?

THE DEFENDANT: I don't know nothing about the drugs.

THE COURT: What are you doing to try to reconcile with your family?

THE DEFENDANT: Me and my wife trying to work some things out. Me and my wife is trying to get back together. She comes to see me. I talk to her on the phone. I'm just trying to get back together.

THE COURT: How are you going to be a good husband, a good provider, a good father?

THE DEFENDANT: Well, I have some people, I have some people on the outside that's willing to give me a chance, to give me a job, and just give me a chance to be a

counselor, what I want to do. I want to go back to school.

THE COURT: Mr. Johnson, you and I are a lot older men than we were in 1991 when I sentenced you on this 1990 crime.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Since 1991, you have spent over 18 years in prison.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Or close. Not 18 years, but the equivalent of a sentence of 18 years. The actual amount of time you spent in prison was --

THE DEFENDANT: Sixteen-and-a-half years.

THE COURT: -- sixteen years, yes. What could you have done with that 16 years of your life if you hadn't been in prison?

THE DEFENDANT: Well, at the state that I was in at the time that I got -- at the time that I was sentenced, I probably wouldn't have -- I probably wouldn't even been able to stand here and talk to you today, because I probably wouldn't -- you know, I probably would have been dead, at the rate that I was going, and I feel like you prevented that, you prevented that. Because at the time, I didn't have any direction. I didn't know what it was that I wanted to do. I didn't know who I was. I just didn't know. And then being incarcerated, it gave me a chance to find myself.

I found myself, and I found out what it was that I want to do with the rest of my life, and I -- and that's what I pursued when I was incarcerated. I found out by going to treatment that I enjoyed helping people. I didn't know that. I didn't know that I was going to like helping somebody because that was never my position. My position always was I be -- if I befriended you, I befriended you for the wrong reasons. I befriended you because I thought I could -- down the road somewhere, I might be able to use you, and that's how I was.

But in going through a drug treatment program, it just opened my eyes to a lot of other things. It opened my eyes to life, that life don't have to begin and end with me getting high. And I just wanted to change my life, and that's what I did.

THE COURT: Have you used any illegal drugs?

THE DEFENDANT: Oh, no. See, I -- it's one
thing -- but they tell you in the program never say never,
but it's one thing that I can say. I don't never use again
in my life, 'cause the things that go along with using, I no
longer desire it, I don't.

THE COURT: Does your family know you are telling the truth here?

THE DEFENDANT: They should. Yeah, they -- yeah, you know, they know that I, you know, that I don't use, and

20 1 I'm not going to use. 2 THE COURT: Could I ask --3 MR. ARON: Judge, if you want to inquire --4 THE COURT: -- Mrs. Johnson --5 MR. ARON: -- of any of the family members, I have not prepped them, and --6 7 THE COURT: I know, I understand. 8 MR. ARON: -- as far as I'm concerned --9 THE COURT: I am going to ask Mrs. Johnson to step forward and also her daughter, too. 10 11 Good morning, Mrs. Johnson. 12 MRS. JOHNSON: Good morning. 13 THE COURT: I saw you sitting in the public area 14 Could you state your name for the record for us. there. 15 MRS. JOHNSON: Justine Johnson. 16 THE COURT: And how do you spell your first name? 17 MRS. JOHNSON: J-u-s-t-i-n-e. 18 THE COURT: And your daughter is with you? 19 MRS. JOHNSON: Yes. 20 THE COURT: And let me ask you to state your name. 21 MS. WOODS: Ernestnae Woods. 22 THE COURT: Mrs. Johnson, you just heard Mr. 23 Johnson. 24 MRS. JOHNSON: Yes. 25 THE COURT: Is he telling me the truth?

MRS. JOHNSON: Yes. Could I say something?

THE COURT: You certainly may.

MRS. JOHNSON: We've been married for 27 years. My husband have a good heart, he's a good person. If I didn't think he was no good, I wouldn't have waited all these years.

When he went to penitentiary them 18 years, I waited, because I know that he's a good man, he's a good husband, he's a good father. Regardless of what is happening and everything, I know in my heart, in his heart that he's a good man, and I believe in him. That's the most important thing to me, that I believe in my husband.

THE COURT: Ms. Woods, is there anything you want to say or add? You don't have to. Since I had you come up to the podium, I didn't want you to walk away feeling disappointed if you wanted to say something.

MS. WOODS: Something very brief.

For a lot of years, I was disappointed in my dad because of the life he chose to live, but during all that, in his addiction and being in the streets or whatever, like my mom said, he was a good provider and a great dad, but his way of thinking and the way he was doing things, it just -- I wasn't used to it.

And he used to always tell me, "Baby, it's going to get better, it's going to be all right," whatever, but when he tell me that, he always ended up in jail.

And just this last time when he did that 15 years and he came home, I was so excited. It's just overwhelming that he was home 'cause I knew things were going to get better for us.

I'm 38 years old, and just think 18 years of my life, he wasn't there.

So me and him talked. I don't go visit him as much, because I don't like to see him there, but we do talk on the phone periodically, and I try to hold back because I don't want him to get too comfortable and think like when he come home, everything going to be all bliss. No, we have to start over from scratch.

And listening to him today, make the accusations and the statements that he made, I'm overwhelmed that he has actually moved forward in his life, because for a long time, I just thought he was just stuck in that mode. And today he just enlightened me on things far as his plans and what he going to do, you know.

And I'm going to support him as much as I can. I feel like that's my role for him, being his daughter and he being in the situation that he's in. He's been gone for a long time, so times has totally changed. I live out in the world, so I just basically know that he have to adjust to the way of life for the millennium, 2006, and I'm willing to support him in that. That's it.

23 1 THE COURT: Thank you. MS. WOODS: Okay. I can walk away? 2 3 THE COURT: I am sorry? 4 MS. WOODS: I can leave now? 5 THE COURT: You can walk away, yes. You can walk 6 away. You can both walk away. 7 Anything further from counsel? 8 MR. BHACHU: No. Your Honor. 9 MR. ARON: No, Your Honor. 10 THE COURT: Mr. Johnson, as I said, I always let 11 the person I am about to sentence have the last word. 12 Is there anything you want to say? 13 THE DEFENDANT: Not really, Your Honor. 14 THE COURT: Mr. Johnson, you are a very fortunate 15 There is no question, at least from my brief 16 encounter with your wife and your daughter, that they love 17 you very much and that they have loved you really through 18 thick and thin, and it's still there. 19 I think you ought to think about that every time you ever have the inkling you want to go back with your old 20 21 friends, those other people you were involved with crime with 22 those folks. 23 To have a woman like your wife stand up here and 24 say, "I waited for him because he is a good man," you better

make good on that.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: When I sentenced you back in '91 and you made those remarks that have been commented on here today, I actually did not believe you.

I believe you today, and, therefore, Mr. Johnson, your life of crime is over.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: I am going to make your life of paying for your crime over unless you decide in your mind you are going to commit another crime, and then some other judge somewhere else is going to say, "Mr. Johnson, Judge Holderman gave you that break, and you never saw the benefit of that, so your life in society will be over," and you will be incarcerated for an even longer time, probably, than you have been thus far in your life.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Now, you have just spent 16 of some of the best years of your life in prison, and you have to do what you can for the remaining years of your life to make up for that, for yourself and for the people who love you.

I am going to sentence you to time served on this violation. I am not going to impose any further supervised release.

Your life of crime is over today. You will be

CERTIFICATE I, Colleen M. Conway, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a complete, true, and accurate transcript of the proceedings had in the above-entitled case before the Honorable JAMES F. HOLDERMAN, Chief Judge of said Court, at Chicago, Illinois, on December 6, 2006. Official Court Reporter United States District Court Northern District of Illinois Eastern Division

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eby declare and affirm, under p presting/appearing officer's sign	enalty of Perjury, that the facts st ATURE - STAR NO #7871	ated herein are accurate to t UNIT 007	he best of my knowledge DEPU CLERICS SIGNA		TARLEMPLANO/C
TARRESTING/APPEARING OFFICER - P	RINGNAME BEAT NO.	FURLO. D.O. GRP. MISD./O	Y	OFFICER - PRINT NAME - STAR N	LONE 2TWO 3
TIAL APPROVAL OF PROBABLE CAUSE		DNA S/M J FINGERPR. CHECK WAIVED BY-SIG.	MITCHELL, V	15580 HARRIS	
1 COMMANDER'S NOTATIONS	40			WAS THE O	FFENDER RELEASED WITHOUT CHARGING?
		51. DATE RECEIVED - LOCKUP	TIME 52. PERS.	PROPERTY RECEIPT NO.	YES IF "YES," COMPLETE REVERSE.
RESTEL SEARCHED BY	8	15 WOV03	1050	PB	2778129
ORING OFFICER IN IANT	STAR/EMPL NO. UNIT	55:TIME FINGERPRINTED	56 TIME PHOTOGRAPHED	57. TIME FED	58. PLACED IN CELL NO.
R. OFF. DESIRED COURT DATE BRAI	NCH-CALL 60. COURT SGT.	i	TION NITIAL COURT DATE	BRANCH-CALL 62. FINAL	L CRT. DATE BRANCH - CALL
NOV 03 41	3-2 □, YES 1 64. BOND RECEIPT NO.		OURT DOCKET NO.	66. FINAL	LJUDGE'S NAME
IIME	S. BOND RECEIPT NO.	/		AND THE STATE OF T	
					3150438